

GALVANIZED



Relevant steelmaking regulation
EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10346 : 2015

Areas of use

- Conditioning
- Refrigeration
- Cars
- Poultry
- Dryers
- Elevators
- Household appliance

Zinc-coated or hot-galvanized steels

These products consist of a steel substrate over which a coating of zinc is applied by continuous hot dipping. The percentage of zinc contained in the coating is more than 99%. The main characteristic of these products lies in the remarkable corrosion resistance offered by zinc depending on the thickness of the coating.

Hot dipping enables a wide range of zinc thicknesses, including very high thicknesses of up to 600 g/m² total on the two faces.

Technical supply conditions

They can be supplied with special requirements for coating finish, surface appearance and surface protection.

The size and appearance of the grain, as well as its brilliance, do not affect the quality of the coating; however, if you require a particular size or shine requirement for the grain, it is imperative to specify this when ordering.

The **surface appearance** can be type A, B or C, unless otherwise requested at the time of order, the material is supplied with appearance A.

Surface protection can be of different types and must be appropriately indicated when placing the order

Whatever the type of protection, it is very important that during transportation and storage, galvanized materials avoid contact with moisture or water as much as possible and are kept in a dry environment.

COATING FINISH

N	Normal : consists of large regular and bright grains
M	Micrograin : has small grains, in some cases not visible to the naked eye, due to antimony content and controlled cooling

SURFACE PROTECTION

C	Chemical passivation
O	Oiling
CO	Oiling and chemical passivation
P	Phosphating
PO	Phosphating and oiling
S	Organic passivation

Coating name	Minimum weight g/m ²		Typical values of coating thickness per side in the single spot test µm		Density g/cm ³
	Triple spot test	Single spot test	Typical value	Range	
Weight of the zinc coating (Z)					
Z100	100	85	7	5 to 12	71
Z140	140	120	10	7 to 15	
Z200	200	170	14	10 to 20	
Z225	225	195	16	11 to 22	
Z275	275	235	20	13 to 27	
Z350	350	300	25	17 to 33	
Z450	450	385	32	22 to 42	
Z600	600	510	42	29 to 55	

^a a zinc mass of 100 g/m² on both surfaces corresponds to a zinc coating thickness of about 70 µm per surface area

These steels are available in different ranges of properties, from commercial grades (DX51D) to deep drawing grades (DX54 and DX56), from construction products (S250GD) to high-strength (HX340LAD), as well as special and innovative products (such as dual phase steels).

SURFACE FINISH TYPES

A Coated surface	Minor imperfections - such as small honeycombs, variations in grain size, dark spots, light scratches, and passivation spots - are possible
B Improved surface	It is obtained through skinpass. Small imperfections - such as scratches due to skinpass, streaks, irregularities (not cavities) - are possible with this kind of surface
C Better quality surface	It is obtained through skinpass. The best surface does not harm the apparent uniformity of a high color finish class; the other surface must be at least type B

Coating name	N		M	
	Surface appearance			
	A	A	B	C
Z100	X	X	X	X
Z140	X	X	X	X
Z200	X	X	X	X
Z225	X	X	X	X
Z275	X	X	X	X
(Z350)	(X)	(X)	(X)	-
(Z450)	(X)	(X)	-	-
(Z600)	(X)	(X)	-	-

^a Coatings and surface finishes shown between parentheses are available upon agreement



MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Name		Yield stress	Breaking	Elongation	Plastic deformation ratio	Hardening
Quality	Type of coating:	R ^e MPa ⁹	R ^m MPa ⁹	A ₈₀ % min	r ₉₀ min	n ₉₀ min
DX51D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	-	270 to 500	22	-	-
DX52D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	140 to 300	270 to 420	26	-	-
DX53D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	140 to 260	270 to 380	30	-	-
DX54D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 220	260 to 350	36	1.6	0.18
DX54D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 220	260 to 350	34	1.4	0.18
DX54D	+AZ	120 to 220	260 to 350	36	-	-
DX54D	+AS	120 to 220	260 to 350	34	1.4	0.18
DX55D	+AS	140 to 240	270 to 370	30	-	-
DX56D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 180	260 to 350	39	1.9	0.21
DX56D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 180	260 to 350	37	1.7	0.20
DX56D	+AZ, +AS	120 to 180	260 to 350	39	1.7	0.20
DX57D	+Z, +ZA	120 to 170	260 to 350	41	2.1	0.22
DX57D	+ZF, +ZM	120 to 170	260 to 350	39	1.9	0.21
DX57D	+AS	120 to 170	260 to 350	41	1.9	0.21

⁹ 1MPa = 1N/mm²

e = laminate thickness in mm

Tensile tests performed on transverse specimens

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CHEMICAL COMPOSITION



Name		Chemical composition max %					
Quality	Type of coating:	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Ti
DX51D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.18	0.50	1.20	0.10	0.045	0.030
DX52D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX53D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX54D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX55D	+AS						
DX56D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS						
DX57D	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AS						

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Name		Yield stress	Breaking	Elongation
Quality	Type of coating:	$R_{p0.2}$ MPa ^d	R_m MPa ^d	A_{80} % min
S220GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	220	300	20
S250GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	250	330	19
S280GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	280	360	18
S320GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	320	390	17
S350GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS	350	420	16
S390GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	390	460	16
S420GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	420	480	15
S450GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	450	510	14
S550GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	550	560	-

^d 1MPa = 1N/mm²

Construction steels

e = laminate thickness in mm

Tensile tests performed on transverse specimens

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION



Name		Chemical composition max %				
Quality	Type of coating:	C	Si	Mn	P	S
S220GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ	0.20	0.60	1.70	0.10	0.045
S250GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS					
S280GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS					
S320GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS					
S350GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ, +AS					
S390GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ					
S420GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ					
S450GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ					
S550GD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA, +ZM, +AZ					

**MECHANICAL
CHARACTERISTICS**

High-resistive steels

Name		Yield stress $R_{p0.2}$ MPa ^f	Hardening index BH_2 MPa ^f min	Breaking R_m Mpa ^f	Elongation A_{80} % min	Plastic deformation ratio r_{90} min	Hardening n_{90} min
Quality	Type of coating:						
HX160YD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA +ZM, +AZ, +AS	160 to 220	-	300 to 360	37	1.9	0.20
HX180YD		180 to 240	-	330 to 390	34	1.7	0.18
HX180BD		180 to 240	30	290 to 360	34	1.5	0.16
HX220YD		220 to 280	-	340 to 420	32	1.5	0.17
HX220BD		220 to 280	30	320 to 400	32	1.2	0.15
HX260YD		260 to 320	-	380 to 440	30	1.4	0.16
HX260BD		260 to 320	30	360 to 440	28	-	-
HX260LAD		260 to 330	-	350 to 430	26	-	-
HX300YD		300 to 360	-	390 to 470	27	1.3	0.15
HX300BD		300 to 360	30	400 to 480	26	-	-
HX300LAD		300 to 380	-	380 to 480	23	-	-
HX340BD		340 to 400	30	440 to 520	24	-	-
HX340LAD		340 to 420	-	410 to 510	21	-	-
HX380LAD		380 to 480	-	440 to 560	19	-	-
HX420LAD		420 to 520	-	470 to 590	17	-	-
HX460LAD		460 to 560	-	500 to 640	15	-	-
HX500LAD		500 to 620	-	530 to 690	13	-	-

 f1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

e = laminate thickness in mm

Tensile tests performed on transverse specimens

**CHEMICAL
COMPOSITION**


Name		C MAX	Si max	Mn max	P max	S max	Al _{total}	Nb max	Ti max
Quality	Type of coating:								
HX160YD	+Z, +ZF, +ZA +ZM, +AZ, +AS	0.01	0.30	0.60	0.060	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX180YD		0.01	0.30	0.70	0.060	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX180BD		0.06	0.50	0.70	0.060	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.12
HX220YD		0.01	0.30	0.90	0.080	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX220BD		0.08	0.50	0.70	0.085	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.12
HX260YD		0.01	0.30	1.60	0.10	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX260BD		0.10	0.50	1.00	0.10	0.030	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX260LAD		0.11	0.50	1.00	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.15
HX300YD		0.015	0.30	1.60	0.10	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX300BD		0.11	0.50	0.80	0.12	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX300LAD		0.12	0.50	1.40	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.09	0.15
HX340BD		0.11	0.50	0.80	0.12	0.025	≥0.010	0.09	0.12
HX340LAD		0.12	0.50	1.4	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX380LAD		0.12	0.50	1.5	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX420LAD		0.12	0.50	1.6	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX460LAD		0.15	0.50	1.7	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15
HX500LAD		0.15	0.50	1.7	0.030	0.025	≥0.015	0.10	0.15

Tolerances by size and shape

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength R_e or $R_{p0.2} < 260$ MPa



Relevant steelmaking regulation
EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10143 : 2006

ATTENTION:

They come in the form of thin metal sheets, wide strips, sheared wide strips, or cut-to-length strips (bands) made from sheared wide strips or thin sheets. **The standards involved are UNI EN 10292, UNI EN 10326, UNI EN 10327, and hot dip-coated products are according to prEN 10336.**

Nominal thickness t	Normal tolerance for nominal width w			Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w		
	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	> 1500	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	> 1500
0.20 < t \leq 0.40	± 0.04	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.030	± 0.035	± 0.040
0.40 < t \leq 0.60	± 0.04	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.035	± 0.040	± 0.045
0.60 < t \leq 0.80	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050
0.80 < t \leq 1.00	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060
1.00 < t \leq 1.20	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070
1.20 < t \leq 1.60	± 0.10	± 0.11	± 0.12	± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080
1.60 < t \leq 2.00	± 0.12	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.070	± 0.080	± 0.090
2.00 < t \leq 2.50	± 0.14	± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.090	± 0.100	± 0.110
2.50 < t \leq 3.00	± 0.17	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.110	± 0.120	± 0.130
3.00 < t \leq 5.00	± 0.20	± 0.20	± 0.21	± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.17
5.00 < t \leq 6.50	± 0.22	± 0.22	± 0.23	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.19

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength $260 \text{ MPa} \leq R_{p0.2} \leq 360$ MPa and for DX51D and S550GD qualities



Nominal thickness t	Normal tolerance for nominal width w			Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w		
	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	> 1500	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	> 1500
0.20 < t \leq 0.40	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.035	± 0.040	± 0.045
0.40 < t \leq 0.60	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050
0.60 < t \leq 0.80	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060
0.80 < t \leq 1.00	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070
1.00 < t \leq 1.20	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080
1.20 < t \leq 1.60	± 0.11	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.070	± 0.080	± 0.090
1.60 < t \leq 2.00	± 0.14	± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.080	± 0.090	± 0.110
2.00 < t \leq 2.50	± 0.16	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.110	± 0.120	± 0.130
2.50 < t \leq 3.00	± 0.19	± 0.20	± 0.20	± 0.130	± 0.140	± 0.150
3.00 < t \leq 5.00	± 0.22	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.19
5.00 < t \leq 6.50	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.19	± 0.20	± 0.21

Tolerances by size and shape



Relevant steelmaking regulation
EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10131 : 2006

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength $360 \text{ MPa} \leq R_{p0.2} \leq 420 \text{ MPa}$

3

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Nominal thickness t	Normal tolerance for nominal width w			Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w		
	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	>1500	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	>1500
$0.35 < t \leq 0.40$	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050
$0.40 < t \leq 0.60$	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060
$0.60 < t \leq 0.80$	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070
$0.80 < t \leq 1.00$	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080
$1.00 < t \leq 1.20$	± 0.10	± 0.11	± 0.12	± 0.070	± 0.080	± 0.090
$1.20 < t \leq 1.60$	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.16	± 0.080	± 0.090	± 0.110
$1.60 < t \leq 2.00$	± 0.16	± 0.17	± 0.19	± 0.090	± 0.110	± 0.120
$2.00 < t \leq 2.50$	± 0.18	± 0.20	± 0.21	± 0.120	± 0.130	± 0.140
$2.50 < t \leq 3.00$	± 0.22	± 0.22	± 0.23	± 0.140	± 0.150	± 0.160
$3.00 < t \leq 5.00$	± 0.22	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.19
$5.00 < t \leq 6.50$	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.19	± 0.20	± 0.21

Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength $360 \text{ MPa} \leq R_{p0.2} \leq 420 \text{ MPa}$

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Nominal thickness t	Normal tolerance for nominal width w			Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w		
	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	>1500	≤ 1200	$1200 < w \leq 1500$	>1500
$0.35 < t \leq 0.40$	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.040	± 0.045	± 0.050
$0.40 < t \leq 0.60$	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060
$0.60 < t \leq 0.80$	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070
$0.80 < t \leq 1.00$	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080
$1.00 < t \leq 1.20$	± 0.10	± 0.11	± 0.12	± 0.070	± 0.080	± 0.090
$1.20 < t \leq 1.60$	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.16	± 0.080	± 0.090	± 0.110
$1.60 < t \leq 2.00$	± 0.16	± 0.17	± 0.19	± 0.090	± 0.110	± 0.120
$2.00 < t \leq 2.50$	± 0.18	± 0.20	± 0.21	± 0.120	± 0.130	± 0.140
$2.50 < t \leq 3.00$	± 0.22	± 0.22	± 0.23	± 0.140	± 0.150	± 0.160
$3.00 < t \leq 5.00$	± 0.22	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.17	± 0.18	± 0.19
$5.00 < t \leq 6.50$	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.19	± 0.20	± 0.21

Tolerances by size and shape



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Thickness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength $420 \text{ MPa} \leq R_{p0.2} \leq 900 \text{ MPa}$

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Nominal thickness t	Normal tolerance for nominal width w			Special tolerance (s) for nominal width w		
	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500	≤ 1200	1200 < w ≤ 1500	>1500
0.35 < t ≤ 0.40	± 0.06	± 0.07	± 0.08	± 0.045	± 0.050	± 0.060
0.40 < t ≤ 0.60	± 0.06	± 0.08	± 0.09	± 0.050	± 0.060	± 0.070
0.60 < t ≤ 0.80	± 0.07	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.060	± 0.070	± 0.080
0.80 < t ≤ 1.00	± 0.09	± 0.11	± 0.12	± 0.070	± 0.080	± 0.090
1.00 < t ≤ 1.20	± 0.11	± 0.13	± 0.14	± 0.080	± 0.090	± 0.110
1.20 < t ≤ 1.60	± 0.15	± 0.16	± 0.18	± 0.090	± 0.110	± 0.120
1.60 < t ≤ 2.00	± 0.18	± 0.19	± 0.21	± 0.110	± 0.120	± 0.140
2.00 < t ≤ 2.50	± 0.21	± 0.22	± 0.24	± 0.140	± 0.150	± 0.170
2.50 < t ≤ 3.00	± 0.24	± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.170	± 0.180	± 0.190
3.00 < t ≤ 5.00	± 0.26	± 0.27	± 0.28	± 0.23	± 0.24	± 0.26
5.00 < t ≤ 6.50	± 0.28	± 0.29	± 0.30	± 0.25	± 0.26	± 0.28

Tolerance on sheet and strip width $\geq 600 \text{ mm}$

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Nominal width w	Normal tolerance	Special tolerance (s)
600 ≤ w ≤ 1200	+5 0	+2 0
1200 < w ≤ 1500	+6 0	+2 0
1500 < w ≤ 1800	+7 0	+3 0
w > 1800	+8 0	+3 0

Tolerances by size and shape



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Tolerance on belt width **less than 600 mm**

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Tolerance class	Nominal thickness t	Nominal width			
		w < 125	125 ≤ w < 250	250 ≤ w < 400	400 ≤ w < 600
Normal	t < 0.6	+0.4 0	+0.5 0	+0.7 0	+1.0 0
	0.6 ≤ t < 1.0	+0.5 0	+0.6 0	+0.9 0	+1.2 0
	1.0 ≤ t < 2.0	+0.6 0	+0.8 0	+1.1 0	+1.4 0
	2.0 ≤ t ≤ 3.0	+0.7 0	+1.0 0	+1.3 0	+1.6 0
	3.0 < t ≤ 5.0	+0.8 0	+1.1 0	+1.4 0	+1.7 0
	5.0 < t ≤ 6.5	+0.9 0	+1.2 0	+1.5 0	+1.8 0
Special (s)	t < 0.6	+0.2 0	+0.2 0	+0.3 0	+0.5 0
	0.6 ≤ t < 1.0	+0.2 0	+0.3 0	+0.4 0	+0.6 0
	1.0 ≤ t < 2.0	+0.3 0	+0.4 0	+0.5 0	+0.7 0
	2.0 ≤ t ≤ 3.0	+0.4 0	+0.5 0	+0.6 0	+0.8 0
	3.0 < t ≤ 5.0	+0.5 0	+0.6 0	+0.7 0	+0.9 0
	5.0 < t ≤ 6.5	+0.6 0	+0.7 0	+0.8 0	+1.0 0

Length tolerance

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Nominal width	Normal tolerance	Special tolerance (s)
< 2000	+6 0	+3 0
≥ 2000 and ≤ 8000	+0.3 of the length 0	+0.15% of the length 0
> 8000	by agreement	

Tolerances by size and shape

The standard applies to flat products with a coating applied by continuous hot dipping of zinc (Z), zinc-iron alloy (ZF), zinc-aluminum alloy (ZA), aluminum-zinc alloy (AZ), and aluminum-silicon alloy (AS), of cold-forming high-strength low-carbon steels, and of structural steels with a minimum thickness of 0.20 mm and a maximum thickness of 6.50 mm

Flatness tolerances for steels with minimum specified yield strength R_e or $R_{p0.2} < 260$ MPa

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Flatness tolerance for steels with minimum specified yield strength $260 \text{ MPa} \leq R_{p0.2} \leq 360$ MPa and for DX51D and S550GD degrees

10

Out-of-square tolerance

11

HOT-DIP GALVANIZED



Relevant steelmaking regulation
EUROPEAN STANDARD: UNI EN 10143 : 2006

ATTENTION:

They come in the form of thin metal sheets, wide strips, sheared wide strips, or cut-to-length strips (bands) made from sheared wide strips or thin sheets. **The standards involved are UNI EN 10292, UNI EN 10326, UNI EN 10327, and hot dip-coated products are according to prEN 10336.**

Tolerance class	Nominal width w	Maximum wave height for nominal thickness t			
		t < 0.7	0.7 ≤ t < 1.6	1.6 ≤ t < 3.0	3.0 ≤ t ≤ 6.5
Normal	w < 1200	10	8		15
	1200 ≤ w < 1500	12	10		18
	w ≥ 1500	17	15		23
Special (FS)	w < 1200	5	4	3	8
	1200 ≤ w < 1500	6	5	4	9
	w ≥ 1500	8	7	6	12

Tolerance class	Nominal width w	Maximum wave height for nominal thickness t			
		t < 0.7	0.7 ≤ t < 1.6	1.6 ≤ t < 3.0	3.0 ≤ t ≤ 6.5
Normal	w < 1200	13	10		18
	1200 ≤ w < 1500	15	13		25
	w ≥ 1500	20	19		28
Special (FS)	w < 1200	8	6	5	9
	1200 ≤ w < 1500	9	8	6	12
	w ≥ 1500	12	10	9	14

The out-of-square (u) is the orthogonal projection of the transverse side along the longitudinal side (see Figure 1).

Out-of-square must not exceed 1% of the sheet width.

Tolerances by size and shape



HOT-DIP GALVANIZED

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Lapping tolerance

12

The lapping (q) is the maximum distance between the longitudinal edge and a reference straight side (see Figure 1).

The lapping should be measured on the concave side. The base of the measurement should be 2 meters, taken on any point on the concave edge.

If the metal sheet has a length of less than 2 meters, the base of the measurement should be equal to its length.

Lapping should not exceed 5 mm over a length of 2 meters. For lengths of less than two meters, the lapping should not exceed 0.25 percent of the length itself.

For strips less than 600 mm wide, a special lapping tolerance (CS) of maximum 2 mm on a length of 2 meters can be specified.

This special tolerance is not applicable to strips with minimum yield strength $R_{p0.2} \geq 280$ MPa.

Figure 1

